

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## **Clax Deosoft Breeze 54A1**

Revision: 2024-07-10

Version: 02.4

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: Clax Deosoft Breeze 54A1

UFI: XR21-P0U1-Y00D-NJG4

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Product use: Laundry conditioner.

Uses advised against:

For professional use only. Uses other than those identified are not recommended.

SWED - Sector-specific worker exposure description : AISE\_SWED\_PW\_8b\_2 AISE\_SWED\_PW\_4\_1

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** Diversey Europe Operations BV, De Corridor 4, 3621ZB Breukelen [Maarssenbroeksedijk 2, 3542DN Utrecht], The Netherlands

## **Contact details**

Diversey Ltd Weston Favell Centre, Northampton NN3 8PD, United Kingdom Tel: 01604 405311, Fax: 01604 406809 Regulatory Email: customerservice.uk@solenis.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Seek medical advice (show the label or safety data sheet where possible) For medical or environmental emergency only: call 0800 052 0185

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified as hazardous

#### 2.2 Label elements

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (Benzisothiazolinone)

#### Hazard statements:

EUH208 - May produce an allergic reaction. EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

## Further indications on the label:

Contains: preservative.

## 2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures

Ingredient(s)	EC number	CAS number	REACH number	Classification	Notes	Weight percent
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	931-203-0	-	01-211946388 9-16	Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3 (H412)		3-10
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	220-120-9	2634-33-5	[6]	Acute toxicity - Inhalation, Category 2 (H330)		0.01-0.1

				Acute toxicity - Oral, Category 4 (H302) Skin irritation, Category 2 (H315) Serious eye damage, Category 1 (H318) Skin sensitisation, Sub-category 1A (H317) Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1 M=1 (H400) Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1 M=1 (H410)	
cinnamal	203-213-9	104-55-2	2-45	Acute toxicity - Dermal, Category 4 (H312) Skin irritation, Category 2 (H315) Eye irritation, Category 2 (H319) Skin sensitisation, Sub-category 1A (H317) Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 2 (H411)	< 0.01

## Specific concentration limits

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (H317) >= 0.036%

cinnamal:

• Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (H317) >= 0.01%

Workplace exposure limit(s), if available, are listed in subsection 8.1. ATE, if available, are listed in section 11.

[6] Exempted: biocidal active. See Article 15(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

For the full text of the H and EUH phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures	
Inhalation:	Get medical attention or advice if you feel unwell.
Skin contact:	Wash skin with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Eye contact:	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, get medical attention.
Ingestion:	Rinse mouth. Immediately drink 1 glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention or advice if you feel unwell.
Self-protection of first aider:	Consider personal protective equipment as indicated in subsection 8.2.
4.2 Most important symptoms and ef	fects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation:	No known effects or symptoms in normal use.
Skin contact:	No known effects or symptoms in normal use.
Eye contact:	No known effects or symptoms in normal use.
Ingestion:	No known effects or symptoms in normal use.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available on clinical testing and medical monitoring. Specific toxicological information on substances, if available, can be found in section 11.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray jet. Fight larger fires with water spray jet or alcohol-resistant foam.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No special hazards known.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing including gloves and eye/face protection.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No special measures required.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Dilute with plenty of water. Do not allow to enter drainage system, surface or ground water.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dyke to collect large liquid spills. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders). Do not place spilled materials back into the original container. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see subsection 8.2. For disposal considerations see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Measures to prevent fire and explosions: No special precautions required. Measures required to protect the environment: For environmental exposure controls see subsection 8.2. Advices on general occupational hygiene: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not mix with other products unless adviced by Diversey.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local and national regulations. Store in a closed container. Keep only in original packaging.

For conditions to avoid see subsection 10.4. For incompatible materials see subsection 10.5.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No specific advice for end use available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1 Control parameters Workplace exposure limits

Air limit values, if available:

Biological limit values, if available:

## Recommended monitoring procedures, if available:

## Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use, if available:

#### **DNEL/DMEL and PNEC values**

## Human exposure

Ingredient(s)	Short term - Local effects	Short term - Systemic effects	Long term - Local effects	Long term - Systemic effects
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-guaternized	-	-	-	7.5
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	-	-
cinnamal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

#### DNEL/DMEL dermal exposure - Worker

Ingredient(s)		Short term - Systemic	•	Long term - Systemic
	effects	effects (mg/kg bw)	effects	effects (mg/kg bw)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	-	-	-	312.5
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	-	-
cinnamal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

#### DNEL/DMEL dermal exposure - Consumer

Ingredient(s)	Short term - Local effects	Short term - Systemic effects (mg/kg bw)	Long term - Local effects	Long term - Systemic effects (mg/kg bw)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	-	-	-	187.5
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	-	-
cinnamal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

#### DNEL/DMEL inhalatory exposure - Worker (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Ingredient(s)	Short term - Local	Short term - Systemic	Long term - Local	Long term - Systemic
	effects	effects	effects	effects
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	-	-	-	44
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	-	-
cinnamal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

## DNEL/DMEL inhalatory exposure - Consumer (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Ingredient(s)	Short term - Local	Short term - Systemic	Long term - Local	Long term - Systemic
	effects	effects	effects	effects
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	-	-	-	13
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	-	-	-
cinnamal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

## Environmental exposure

Ingredient(s)	Surface water, fresh (mg/l)	Surface water, marine (mg/l)	Intermittent (mg/l)	Sewage treatment plant (mg/l)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	0.065	0.0065	-	2.96
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0.0026	0.00026	-	0.055
cinnamal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Environmental exposure - PNEC, continued

Ingredient(s)	Sediment, freshwater (mg/kg)	Sediment, marine (mg/kg)	Soil (mg/kg)	Air (mg/m³)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	141	14.1	574	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0.0132	-	0.33	-
cinnamal	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

## 8.2 Exposure controls

The following information applies for the uses indicated in subsection 1.2 of the Safety Data Sheet. If available, please refer to the product information sheet for application and handling instructions. Normal use conditions are assumed for this section.

Recommended safety measures for handling the <u>undiluted</u> product:

#### Appropriate engineering controls: Appropriate organisational controls:

No special requirements under normal use conditions. No special requirements under normal use conditions.

#### REACH use scenarios considered for the undiluted product:

	SWED - Sector-specific	LCS	PROC	Duration	ERC
	worker exposure			(min)	
	description				
Automatic transfer and dilution	AISE_SWED_PW_8b_2	PW	PROC 8b	60	ERC8b

## Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection:	Safety glasses are not normally required. However, their use is recommended in those cases where
	splashes may occur when handling the product (EN 16321 / EN 166).
Hand protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Body protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Respiratory protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.

No special requirements under normal use conditions.

## Environmental exposure controls:

Recommended safety measures for handling the <u>diluted</u> product:

## Recommended maximum concentration (% w/w): 0.33

Appropriate engineering controls:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Appropriate organisational controls:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.

## REACH use scenarios considered for the diluted product:

	SWED	LCS	PROC	Duration	ERC
				(min)	
Automatic application in a dedicated system	AISE_SWED_PW_4_1	PW	PROC 4	480	ERC8a

Personal protective equipment Eye / face protection: Hand protection: Body protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions. No special requirements under normal use conditions. No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Respiratory protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Environmental exposure controls:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Information in this section refers to the product, unless it is specifically stated that substance data is listed

Method / remark

Physical state: Liquid

## Colour: Opaque , Medium , Green Odour: Product specific Odour threshold: Not applicable Melting point/freezing point (°C): Not determined Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C): Not determined

Not relevant to classification of this product See substance data

Substance data, boiling point			
Ingredient(s)	Value (°C)	Method	Atmospheric pressure (hPa)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	> 82	Method not given	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available		
cinnamal	No data available		

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable to liquids Flammability (liquid): Not flammable. Flash point (°C): > 60 °C Sustained combustion: The product does not sustain combustion (UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, section 32, L.2)

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit (%): Not determined

Substance data, flammability or explosive limits, if available:

Autoignition temperature: Not determined Decomposition temperature: Not applicable. **pH:** Not applicable 3 (neat) **Dilution pH:**  $\approx$  6 (0.33 %) Kinematic viscosity: Not determined Solubility in / Miscibility with water: Fully miscible Method / remark

ISO 4316 ISO 4316 DM-006 Viscosity - Additional

Substance data, solubility in water

Ingredient(s)	Value	Method	Temperature
	(g/l)		(°°)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with	No data available		
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available		
cinnamal	No data available		

Substance data, partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow): see subsection 12.3

#### Vapour pressure: Not determined

#### Substance data, vapour pressure

Ingredient(s)	Value (Pa)	Method	Temperature (°C)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	No data available		
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available		
cinnamal	No data available		

Relative density: ≈ 1.00 (20 °C) Relative vapour density: No data available. Particle characteristics: No data available.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties: Not explosive. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Oxidising properties: Not oxidising. Corrosion to metals: Not corrosive

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

No other relevant information available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity hazards known under normal storage and use conditions.

## Method / remark

Method / remark

See substance data

OECD 109 (EU A.3) Not relevant to classification of this product Not applicable to liquids.

## Method / remark

closed cup Weight of evidence

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use conditions.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known under normal storage and use conditions.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

None known under normal use conditions.

## **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Mixture data: .

## Relevant calculated ATE(s):

ATE - Oral (mg/kg): >2000

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:.

## Acute toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)	ATE Oral (mg/kg)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	LD 50	5000	Rat	Method not given		Not established
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD 50	> 2000	Rat			450
cinnamal		No data available				Not established

#### Acute dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)	ATE Dermal (mg/kg)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	LD 50	> 2000	Rat	Method not given		Not established
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD 50	> 2000	Rat	OECD 402 (EU B.3)		Not established
cinnamal		No data available				Not established

## Acute inhalative toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure
		(mg/l)			time (h)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with		No data			
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized		available			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		No data			
		available			
cinnamal		No data			
		available			

## Acute inhalative toxicity, continued

Ingredient(s)	ATE - inhalation, dust (mg/l)	ATE - inhalation, mist (mg/l)	ATE - inhalation, vapour (mg/l)	ATE - inhalation, gas (mg/l)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Not established	0.21	Not established	Not established
cinnamal	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established

#### Irritation and corrosivity Skin irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with	Not irritant	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	4 hour(s)
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized				

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Corrosive	Method not given	
cinnamal	No data available		

Eye irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with	Not corrosive or	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	4 hour(s)
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	irritant			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Severe damage		Method not given	
cinnamal	No data available			

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	No data available			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available			
cinnamal	No data available			

Sensitisation Sensitisation by skin contact

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with	Not sensitising		Method not given	
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Sensitising	Guinea pig		
cinnamal	No data available			

## Sensitisation by inhalation

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with	No data available			
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available			
cinnamal	No data available			

# CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) Mutagenicity

Ingredient(s)	Result (in-vitro)	Method (in-vitro)	Result (in-vivo)	Method (in-vivo)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized		OECD 476 OECD 471 (EU B.12/13)	No data available	
	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	OECD 471 (EU B.12/13)	No data available	
cinnamal	No data available		No data available	

## Carcinogenicity

Ingredient(s)	Effect
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with	No data available
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available
cinnamal	No data available

## Toxicity for reproduction

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Specific effect	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Remarks and other effects reported
fatty acids, C16-18			No data				
(even numbered) and			available				
C18 unsatd., reaction							
products with							
triethanolamine, di-Me							
sulfate-quaternized							
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H			No data				
)-one			available				
cinnamal			No data				
			available				

Repeated dose toxicity Sub-acute or sub-chronic oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized		No data available				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		No data				

	available		
cinnamal	No data		
	available		

Sub-chronic dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Specific effects and organs
		(mg/kg bw/d)			time (days)	affected
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd.,		No data				
reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me		available				
sulfate-quaternized						
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		No data				
		available				
cinnamal		No data				
		available				

#### Sub-chronic inhalation toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Specific effects and organs
		(mg/kg bw/d)			time (days)	affected
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd.,		No data				
reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me		available				
sulfate-quaternized						
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		No data				
		available				
cinnamal		No data				
		available				

#### Chronic toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Specific effects and organs affected	Remark
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized			No data available					
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H )-one			No data available					
cinnamal			No data available					

## STOT-single exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with	No data available
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available
cinnamal	No data available

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with	No data available
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available
cinnamal	No data available

## Aspiration hazard

Substances with an aspiration hazard (H304), if any, are listed in section 3.

## Potential adverse health effects and symptoms

Effects and symptoms related to the product, if any, are listed in subsection 4.2.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** Endocrine disrupting properties - Human data, if available:

## 11.2.2 Other information

No other relevant information available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

## 12.1 Toxicity

No data is available on the mixture .

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:

## Aquatic short-term toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	LC 50	1.91	Fish	OECD 203 (EU C.1)	96
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LC 50	2.18	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (EU C.1)	
cinnamal		No data available			

Aquatic short-term toxicity - crustacea					
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	EC 50	2.23	Daphnia	OECD 202 (EU C.2)	48
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC 50	2.94	Daphnia	OECD 202 (EU C.2)	48
cinnamal		No data available			

Aquatic short-term toxicity - algae					
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	Er C 50	2.14	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (EU C.3)	72
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Er C 50	0.11		OECD 201 (EU C.3)	72
cinnamal		No data available			

Aquatic short-term toxicity - marine species					
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure
	-	(mg/l)	-		time (days)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with		No data			
triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized		available			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		No data			
		available			
cinnamal		No data			
		available			

Impact on sewage plants - toxicity to bacteria			_		
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Inoculum	Method	Exposure time
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized		No data available			
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC 20	3.3	Activated sludge	OECD 209	3 hour(s)
cinnamal		No data available			

#### Aquatic long-term toxicity Aquatic long-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized		No data available				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		No data available				
cinnamal		No data available				

Aquatic long-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd.,		No data				
reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized		available				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		No data available				
cinnamal		No data				
		available				

Aquatic toxicity to other aquatic benthic organisms, including sediment-dwelling organisms, if available:							
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Effects observed	

	(mg/kg dw sediment)	time (days)
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	No data available	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available	
cinnamal	No data available	

Terrestrial toxicity Terrestrial toxicity - soil invertebrates, including earthworms, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity - plants, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity - birds, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity - beneficial insects, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity - soil bacteria, if available:

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation - photodegradation in air, if available:

Abiotic degradation - hydrolysis, if available:

Abiotic degradation - other processes, if available:

# Biodegradation

Biodegradation Ready biodegradability - aerobic conditions						
Ingredient(s)	Inoculum	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation	
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	Activated sludge, aerobe Adapted activated sludge	CO <sub>2</sub> production	98.9% in 28 day(s)	OECD 301B	Readily biodegradable	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Adapted activated sludge	CO <sub>2</sub> production	62% in 4 day(s)	OECD 301C	Not readily biodegradable.	
cinnamal					Readily biodegradable	

Ready biodegradability - anaerobic and marine conditions, if available:

#### Degradation in relevant environmental compartments, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Sewage treatment plant simulation	Primary degradation	> 90%	OECD 303A	Biodegradable

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient(s)	Value	Method	Evaluation	Remark			
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered)	No data available						
and C18 unsatd., reaction products with							
triethanolamine, di-Me							
sulfate-quaternized							
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0.7	OECD 107	No bioaccumulation expected				
cinnamal	No data available						

#### Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Ingredient(s)	Value	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remark
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized	No data available				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H )-one	6.95		OECD 305		
cinnamal	No data available				

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption/Desorption to soil or sediment

Ingredient(s)	Adsorption coefficient Log Koc	Desorption coefficient Log Koc(des)	Method	Soil/sediment type	Evaluation
fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-guaternized	No data available				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No data available				
cinnamal	No data available				

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substances that fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, if any, are listed in section 3.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties - Environmental effects, if available:

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

No other adverse effects known

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods Waste from residues / unused The concentrated contents or contaminated packaging should be disposed of by a certified handler products: or according to the site permit. Release of waste to sewers is discouraged. The cleaned packaging material is suitable for energy recovery or recycling in line with local legislation. 20 01 30 - detergents other than those mentioned in 20 01 29. **European Waste Catalogue:** Empty packaging Dispose of observing national or local regulations. Recommendation: Water, if necessary with cleaning agent. Suitable cleaning agents:

## SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID), Sea transport (IMDG), Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

14.1 UN number or ID number: Non-dangerous goods

14.2 UN proper shipping name: Non-dangerous goods

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): Non-dangerous goods

14.4 Packing group: Non-dangerous goods

14.5 Environmental hazards: Non-dangerous goods

14.6 Special precautions for user: Non-dangerous goods

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Non-dangerous goods

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations :

- Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 REACH (UK amended)
- Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 CLP (UK amended)

Regulation (EC) 648/2004 - Detergents regulation (UK amended)
 Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 and Regulation (EU) 2018/605 (UK amended)

· Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)

• International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code

#### Authorisations or restrictions (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Title VII respectively Title VIII): Not applicable.

## Ingredients according to Detergents Regulation

cationic surfactants perfumes, Benzisothiazolinone

The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) 648/2004 on detergents (UK amended). Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the UK and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

#### Comah - classification: Not classified

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out on the mixture

< 5 %

## SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this document is based on our best present knowledge. However, it does not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and does not establish a legally binding contract

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## Reason for revision:

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s):, 3, 8, 9, 11, 12, 15, 16

## **Classification procedure**

The classification of the mixture is in general based on calculation methods using substance data, as required by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. If for certain classifications data on the mixture is available or for example bridging principles or weight of evidence can be used for classification, this will be indicated in the relevant sections of the Safety Data Sheet. See section 9 for physical chemical properties, section 11 for toxicological information and section 12 for ecological information.

## Abbreviations and acronyms:

- · AISE The international Association for Soaps, Detergents and Maintenance Products
- ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
- DNEL Derived No Effect Limit
- EC50 effective concentration, 50%
- ERC Environmental release categories EUH CLP Specific hazard statement
- LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
- LCS Life cycle stage
   LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal dose
- NOAEL No observed adverse effect level
- NOEL No observed effect level
- OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
- PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic • PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
- PROC Process categories
- · REACH number REACH registration number, without supplier specific part
- vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
  H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H330 Fatal if inhaled.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

End of Safety Data Sheet